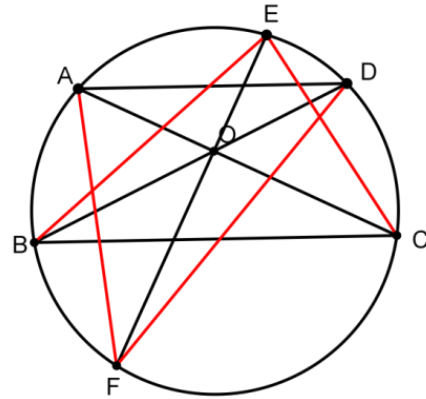


Cash Award Question for Mar-2026

In the picture, AD & BC are two parallel chords. AC & BD meet at O. E is a random point on the minor arc AD. EO is joined and produced to meet the circle at F.



Prove : $BE \times AF = CE \times DF$

Question framed by
DR. M. RAJA CLIMAX, IRS
Asst. Commissioner of Customs & GST (Rtd),
Madurai, Tamil Nadu, India.

Author's Solution Mar-2026

Given :

In the picture, AD & BC are two parallel chords. AC & BD meet at O. E is a random point on the minor arc AD. EO is joined and produced to meet the circle at F.

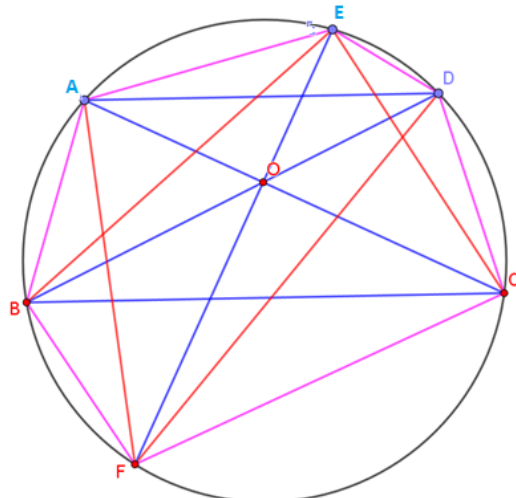
To Prove : $BE \times AF = CE \times DF$

Construction :

Join AB, BF, FC, CD, DF, FA

Since $AD \parallel BC$ (given),

ABCD is an isosceles trapezium.



$AB = CD$ ----- (1)

In $\triangle EBC$, the extended cevians EF , BD & CA are concurrent at O .

\therefore as per the Concurrent Chords Theorem, (Please refer to the Author's solution for

Jan 26 posted on 15.01.2026 on this website)

$$\frac{BF}{FC} \times \frac{CD}{DE} \times \frac{EA}{AB} = 1 \text{ -----(2)}$$

(1)&(2) \rightarrow

$$BF \times EA = DE \times FC \text{ ----- (3)}$$

$ABFE$ & $DCFE$ are cyclic quadrilaterals and as per Ptolemy's Theorem,

$$AB \times EF + AE \times BF = AF \times BC \text{ ----- (4)}$$

$$\& DC \times EF + DE \times CF = CE \times DF \text{ ----- (5)}$$

(1),(3),(4)&(5) \rightarrow

$$AF \times BC = DF \times CE \text{ ----- Proved}$$

Solution given by
DR. M. RAJA CLIMAX, IRS
Asst. Commissioner of Customs & GST (Rtd),
Madurai, Tamil Nadu, India.